



Planning Prosperity Together

# Ushering TVET to Address the Challenges of Industrial Revolution 4.0

Dr. Ramhari Lamichhane  
Director General, CPSC  
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# Presentation Outline

- Industrial Evolutions to Revolutions
- Global Trend of Labour Market
- Regional Issues in TVET
- Way Forward



**The purpose of technology is not  
to confuse the brain but to serve  
the body.**

William S. Burroughs

# Industrial Evolution to Revolutions

# What is this?



# What is this?



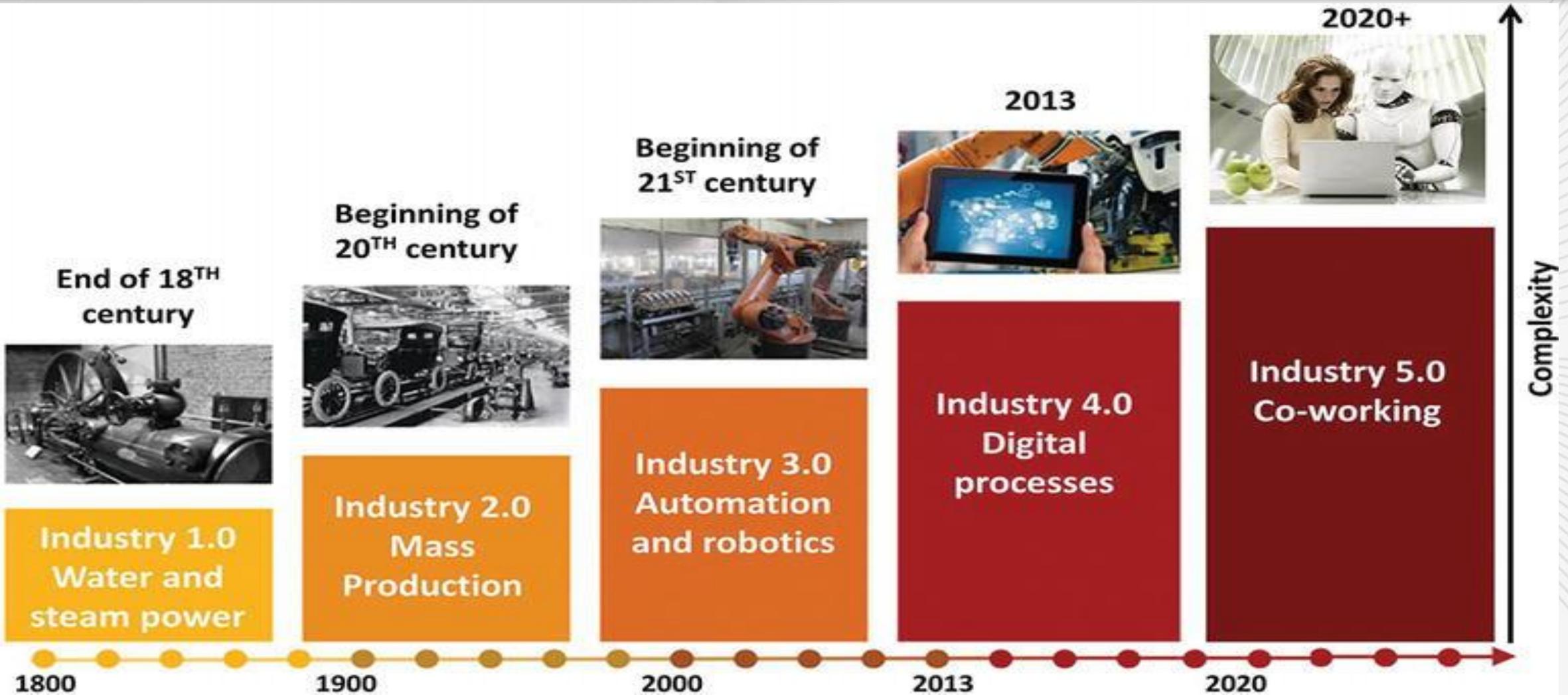
# What is this?



# What is this?



# Stages of Industrial Evolution



# Industry 4.0

## Six Design Principles (Martin, 2017)

- **Interoperability:** the ability of **cyber-physical systems** (i.e. work piece carriers, assembly stations and products), humans and Smart Factories to connect and communicate with each other via the **Internet of Things** and the **Internet of Services**
- **Virtualization:** a virtual copy of the Smart Factory which is created by linking sensor data (from monitoring physical processes) with virtual plant models and simulation models
- **Decentralization:** the ability of **cyber-physical systems** within Smart Factories to make decisions on their own
- **Real-Time Capability:** the capability to collect and analyze data and provide the insights immediately
- **Service Orientation:** offering of services (of **cyber-physical systems**, humans and Smart Factories) via the **Internet of Services**
- **Modularity:** flexible adaptation of Smart Factories for changing requirements of individual modules

# Did not exist in 2006

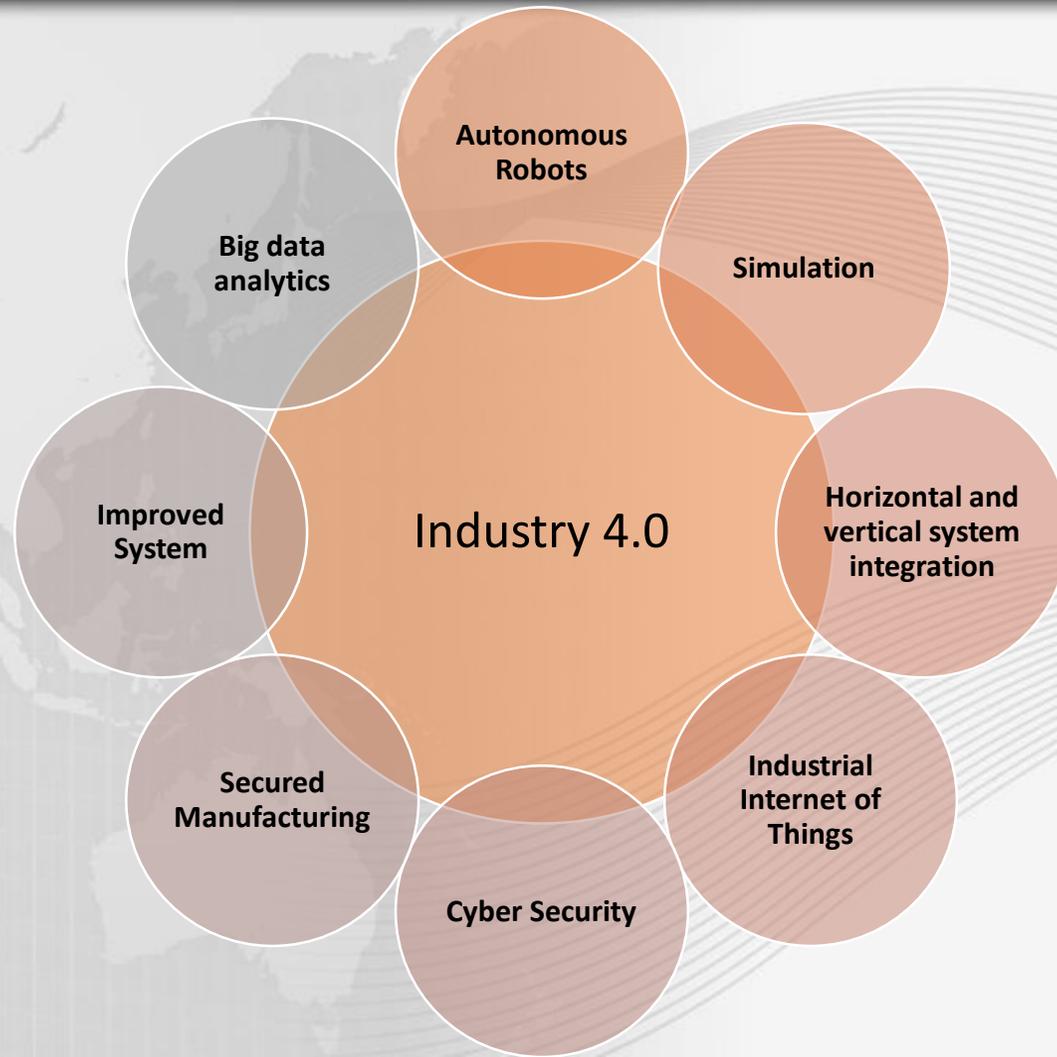


# Time to reach 100 Million customers

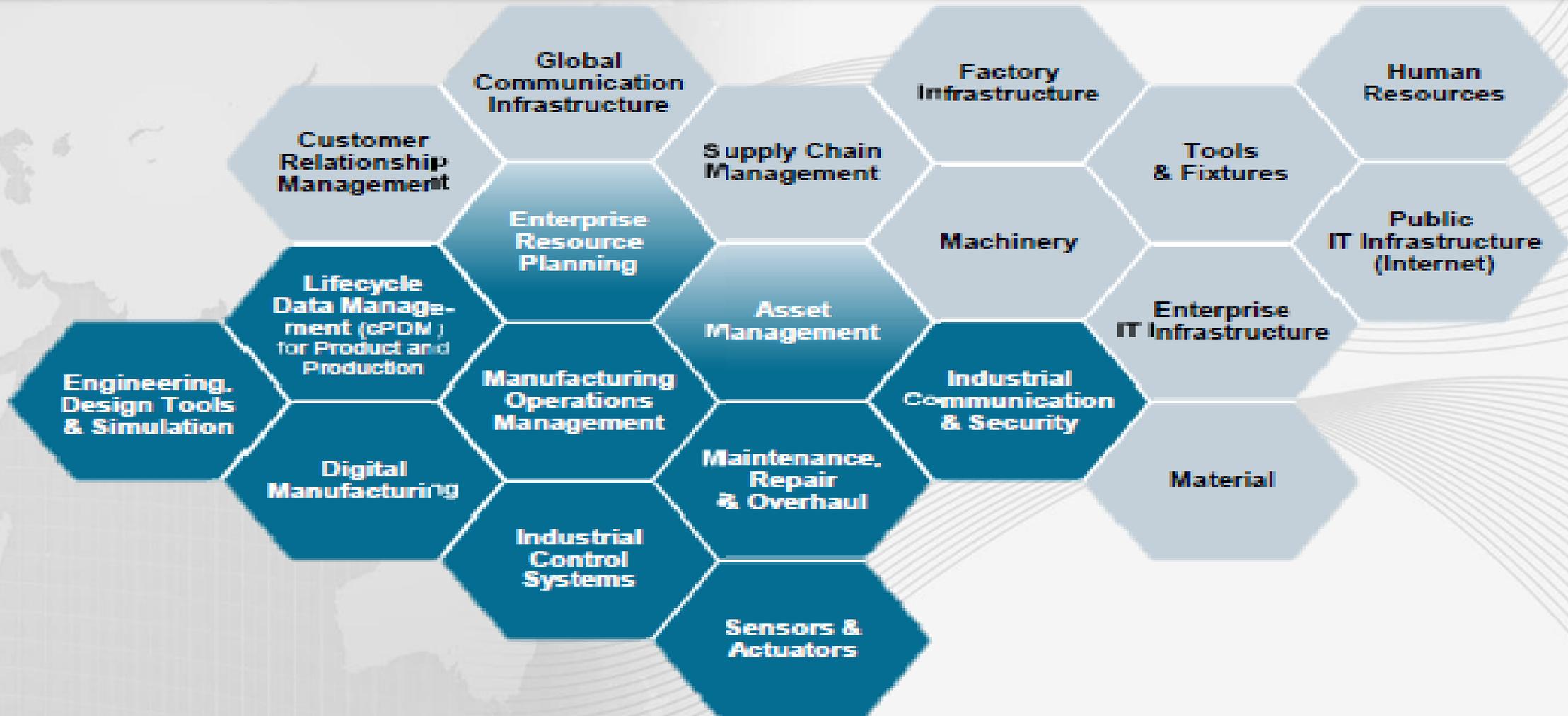
- Telephone 75 Years
- Web 7 Years
- Facebook 4 Years
- Instagram 2 Years
- Pokemon Go 1 Month



# Building blocks of Industry 4.0



# IR 4.0 Impacting all Aspect of Value Chain



# Potential Implications of IR 4.0

**Robot Assisted production**

**Predictive Maintenance**

**Additive Manufacturing of Complex Parts**

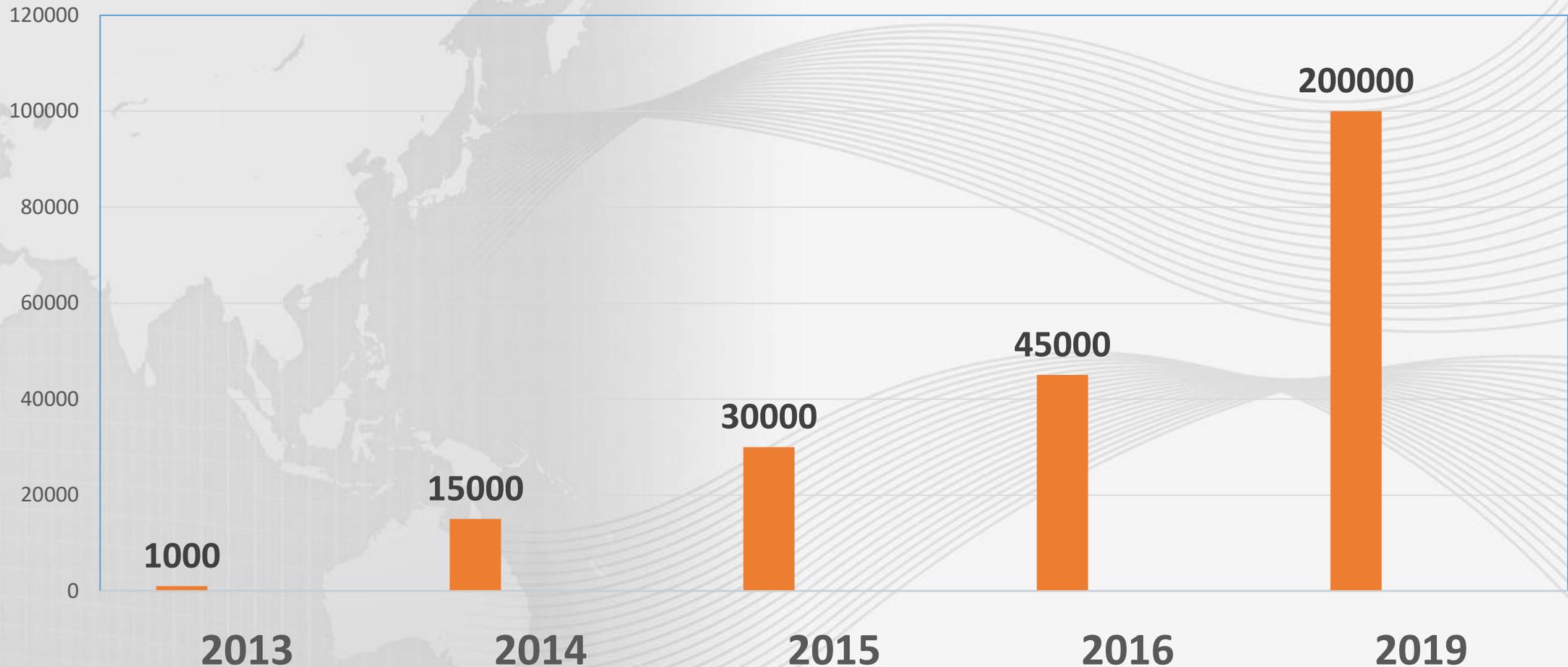
**Machines as a Service**

**Big Data Drive Quality Control**

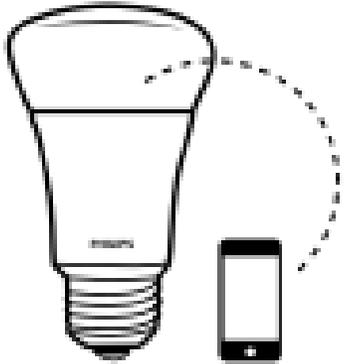
**Production Line Simulation**

**Smart Supply Network**

# Robots Working in Amazon Ware House



# Examples of Product Evolution: Connected and Smart Products



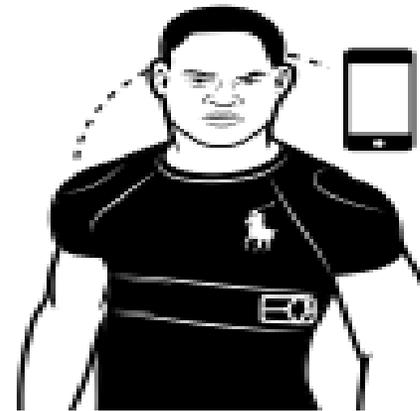
## Philips Lighting

Users can control Philips Lighting hue lightbulbs via smartphone, turning them on and off, programming them to blink if they detect an intruder, or dimming them slowly at night.



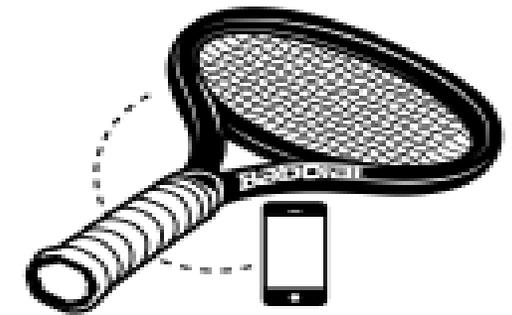
## Medtronic

Medtronic's implanted digital blood glucose meter connects wirelessly to a monitoring and display device and can alert patients to trends in glucose levels requiring attention.



## Ralph Lauren

Ralph Lauren's Polo Tech Shirt, available in 2015, streams distance covered, calories burned, movement intensity, heart rate, and other data to the wearer's mobile device.



## Babolat

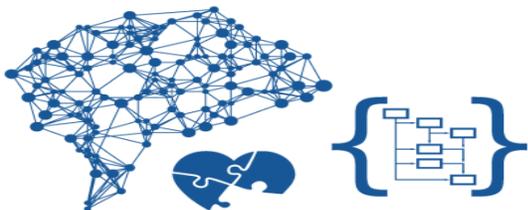
Babolat's Play Pure Drive product system puts sensors and connectivity in the tennis racket handle, allowing users to track and analyze ball speed, spin, and impact location to improve their game.

# Top 10 Skills to be Relevant in Industry 4.0

## in 2020

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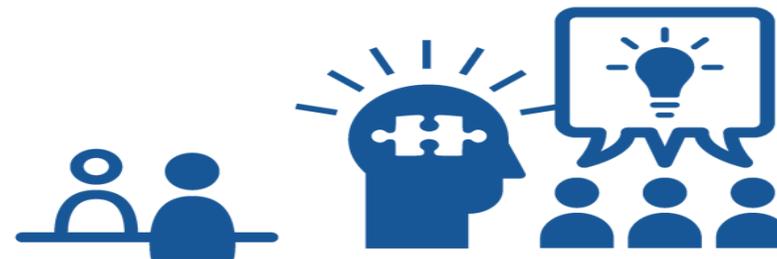
1. Complex Problem Solving
2. Critical Thinking
3. Creativity
4. People Management
5. Coordinating with Others
6. Emotional Intelligence
7. Judgment and Decision Making
8. Service Orientation
9. Negotiation
10. Cognitive Flexibility



## in 2015

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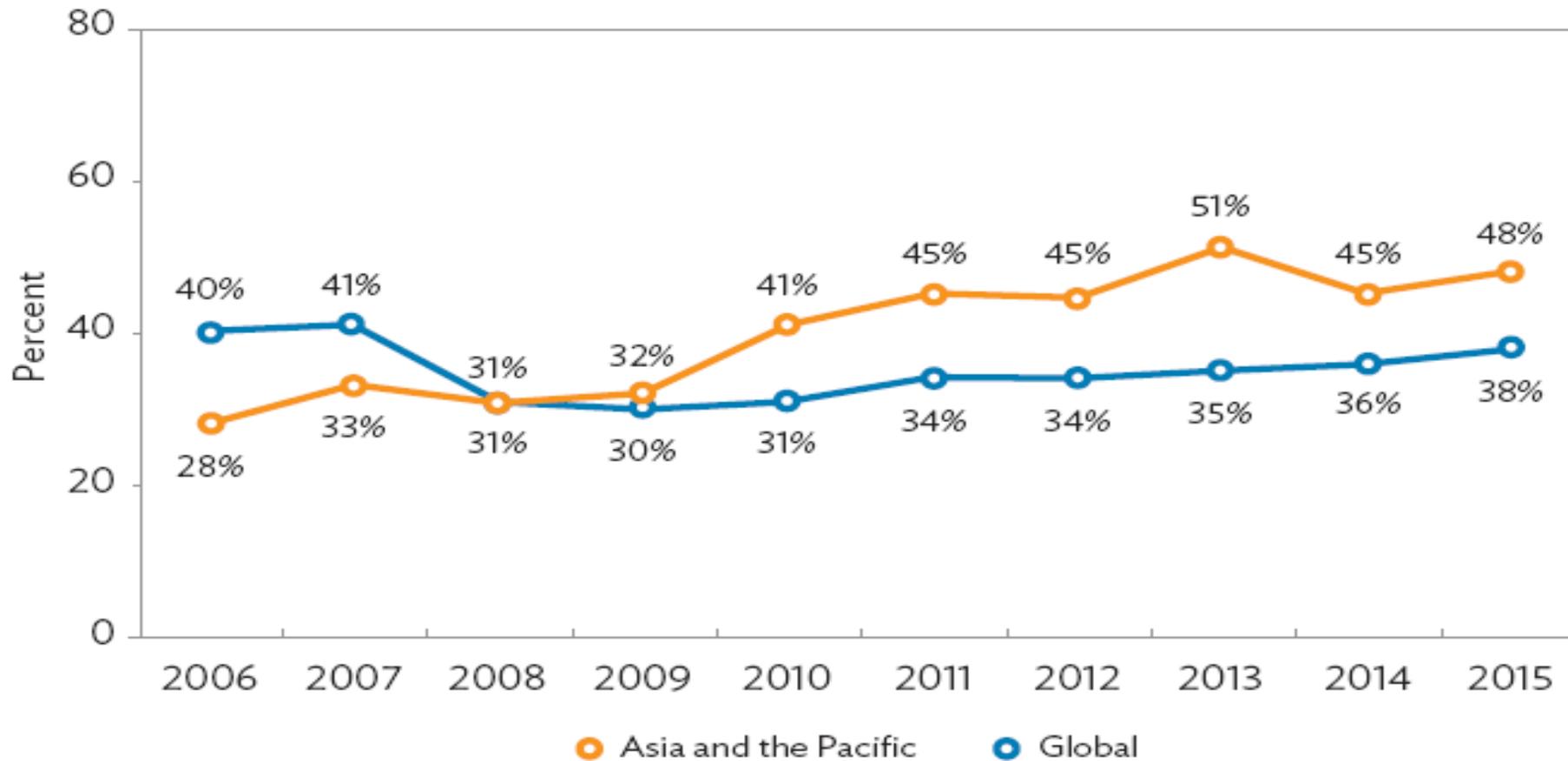
1. Complex Problem Solving
2. Coordinating with Others
3. People Management
4. Critical Thinking
5. Negotiation
6. Quality Control
7. Service Orientation
8. Judgment and Decision Making
9. Active Listening
10. Creativity





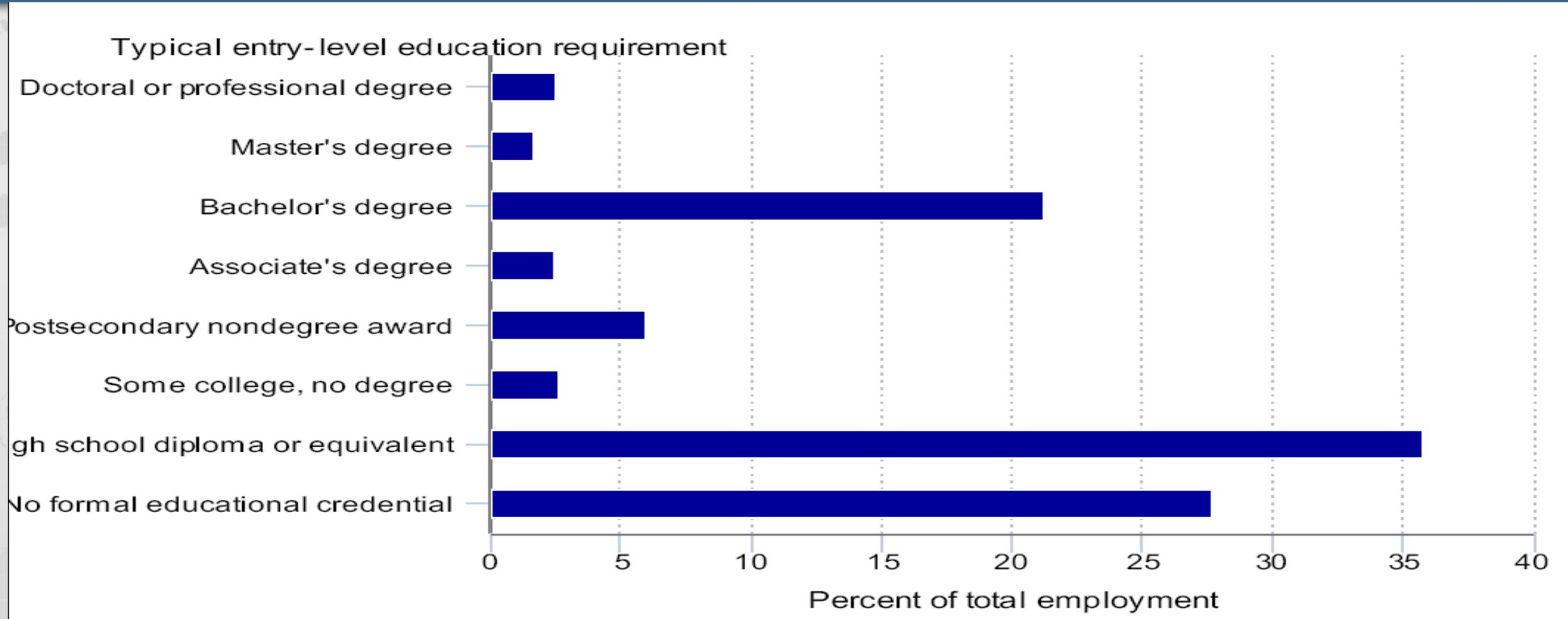
# Global Trend of Labour Market

# Shortage of Skilled (Talent) Workforce



Source: 2015 Talent Shortage Survey (ManpowerGroup 2015).

# Employment by Entry-Level Education Requirement (May 2016)



# Employment Effect of Drivers of Change, by Job Family

Source: Future of Job Survey, World Economic Forum, 2016

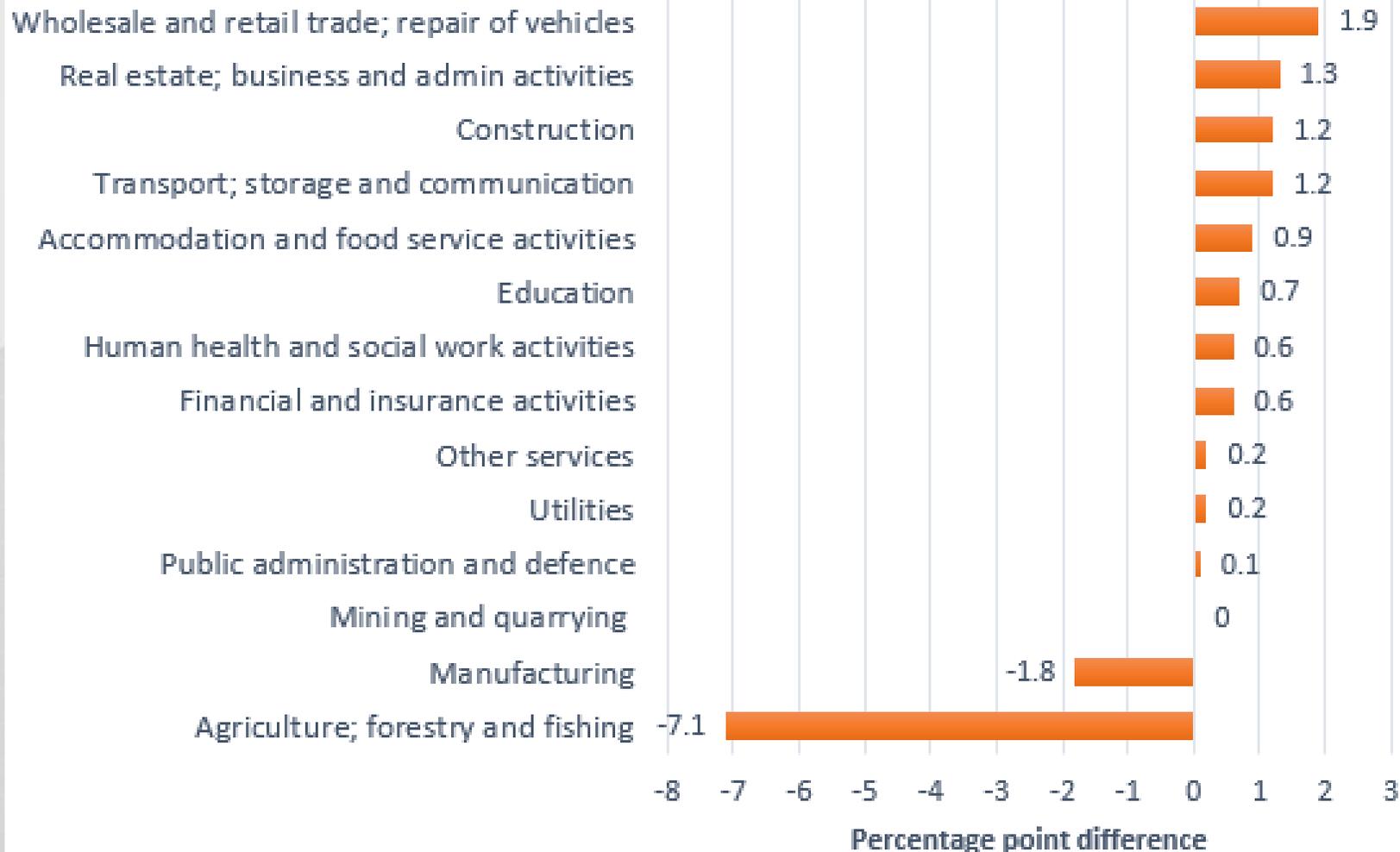
Job Family	Employment Compound Growth Rate percent
Computers & Mathematics	3.21
Architecture and Engineering	2.71
Management	0.97
Business and Financial Operations	0.70
Sales and Related	0.46
Installation & Maintenance	(0.15)
Construction and Extractions	(0.93)
Arts, Design, Entertainment, Media and Sports	(1.03)
Manufacturing and Production	(1.63)
Office and Administration	(4.91)

# Employment Effect of Drivers of Change, by Industry

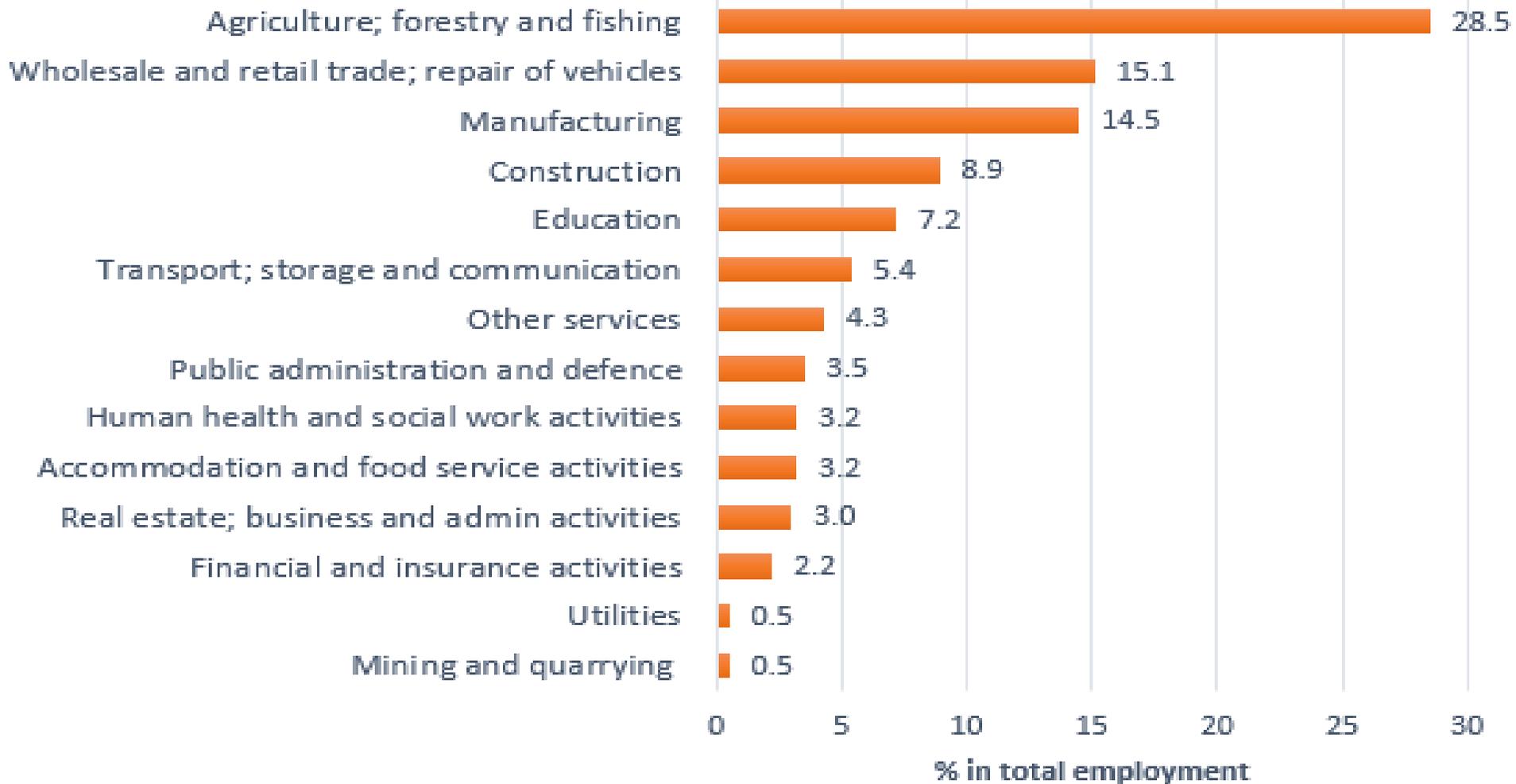
Source: *Future of Job Survey, World Economic Forum, 2016*

Industry	Employment Compound Growth Rate percent
Information and Communication Technology	2.91
Professional Services	2.45
Media, Entertainment, and Information	2.31
Consumer	1.72
Mobility	1.61
Energy	1.54
Financial Services and Investors	1.54
Basic and Infrastructure	0.61
Health Care	(0.37)

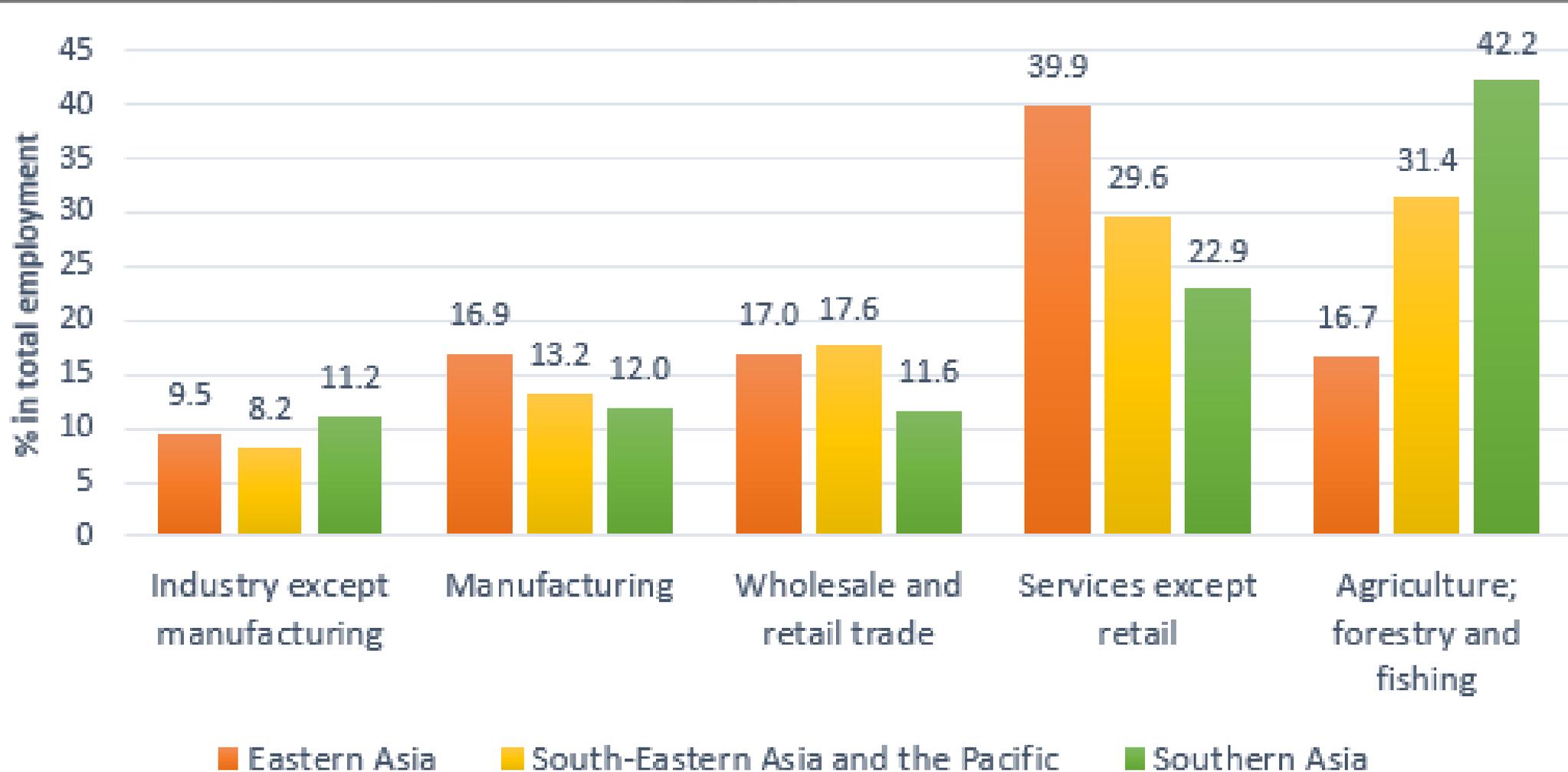
# Changes in Employment by Sector in Asia, 2010-2017 (ILO, 2020)



# Distribution of Employment by Sector, 2017 (ILO, 2020)

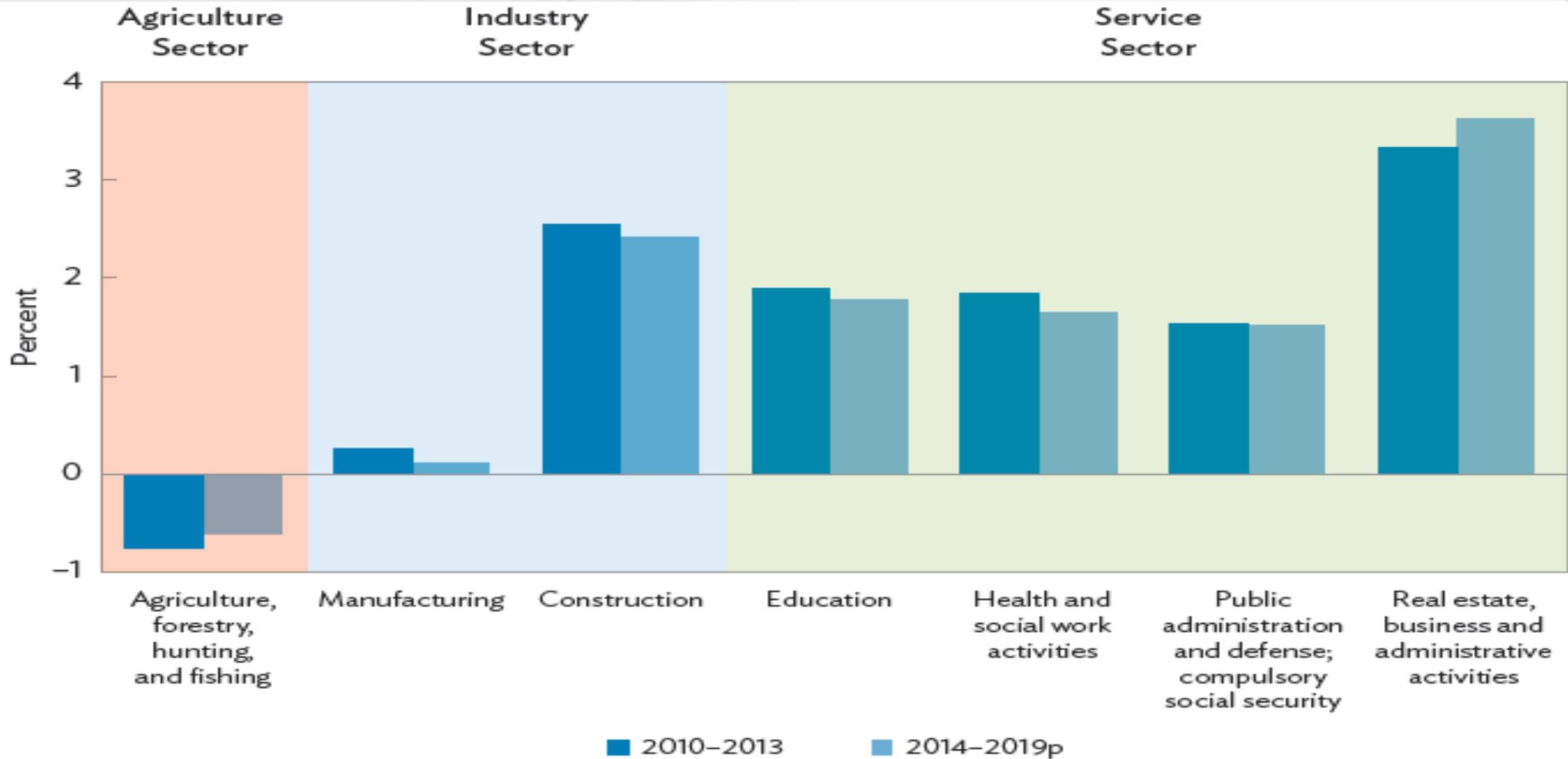


# Sectoral Distribution of Employment by Sub-Region, 2017 (ILO, 2020)



# Global Sectoral Employment Growth in Selected Industries, 2010-2013 and 2014-2019

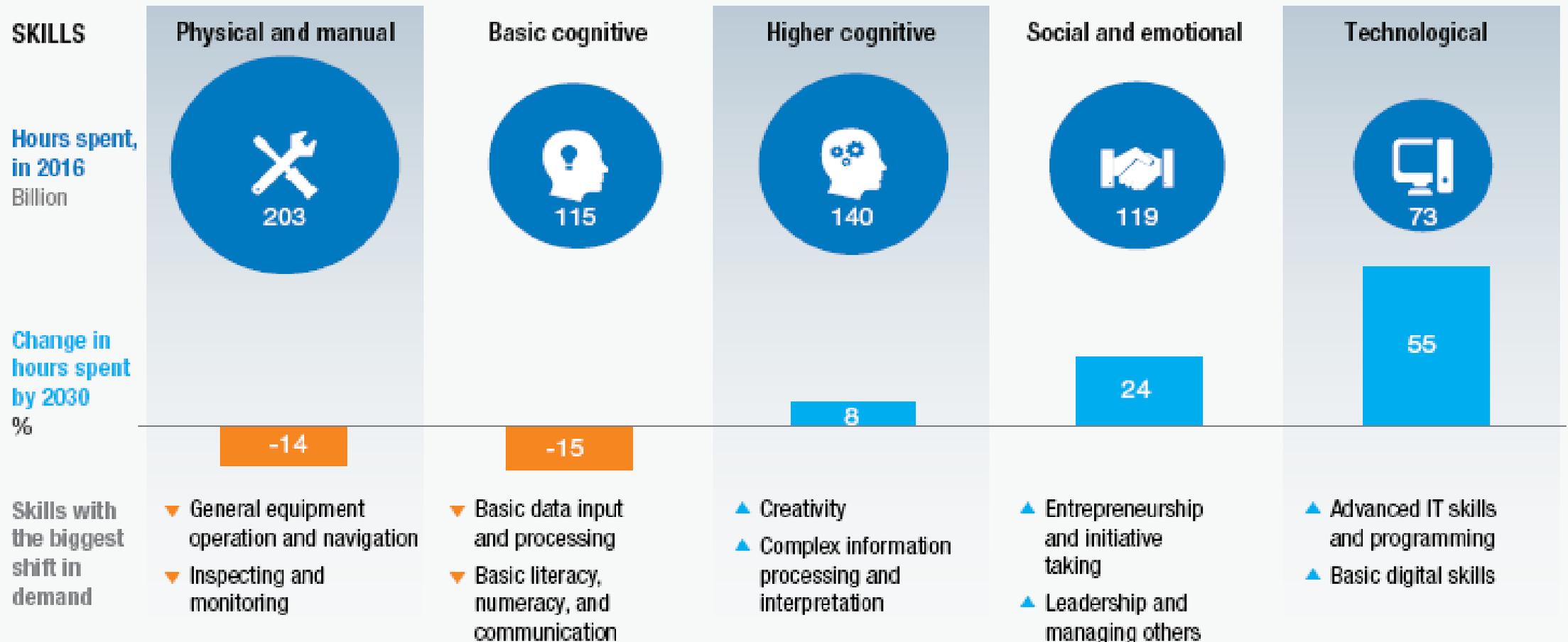
(Source: Adapted from Trends Econometric Models (ILO 2014b))



# Automation and AI will Change the Skills Need in the Workforce

(Source: Mckinsey Global Institute, 2018)

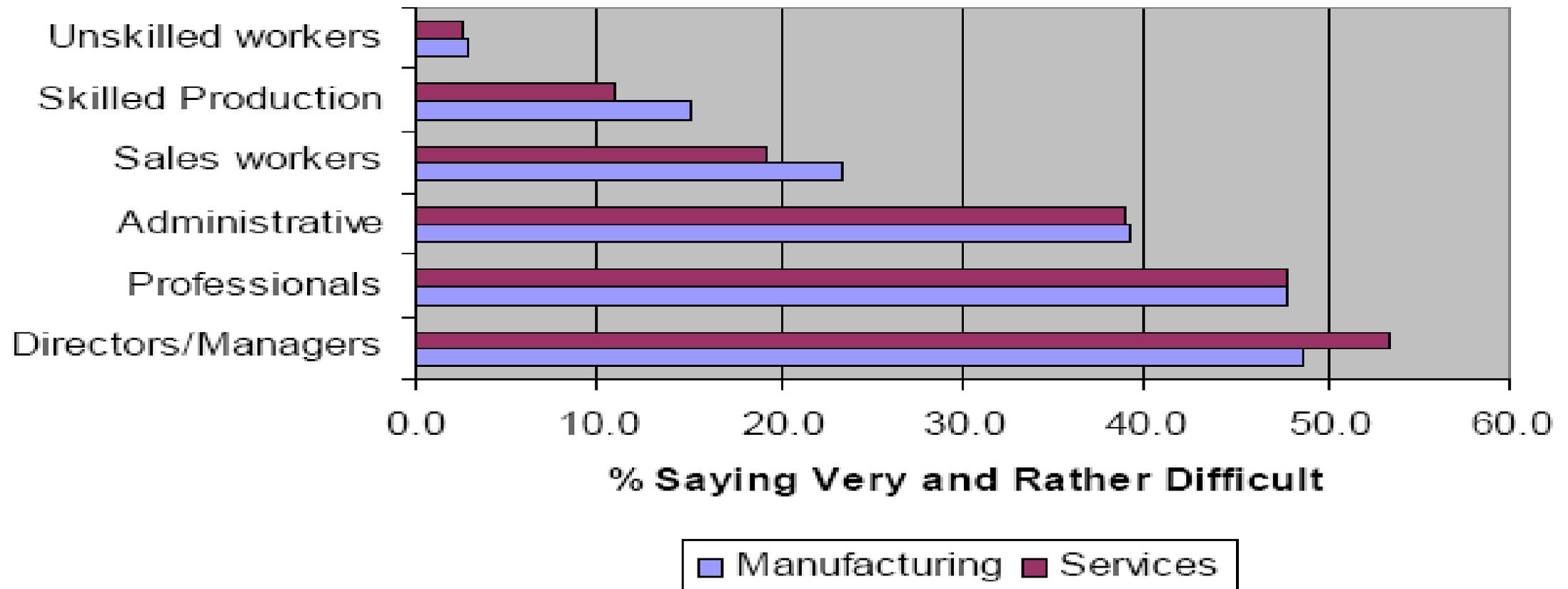
Total is for United States and 14 Western European countries



# Difficulty Finding Right Skills

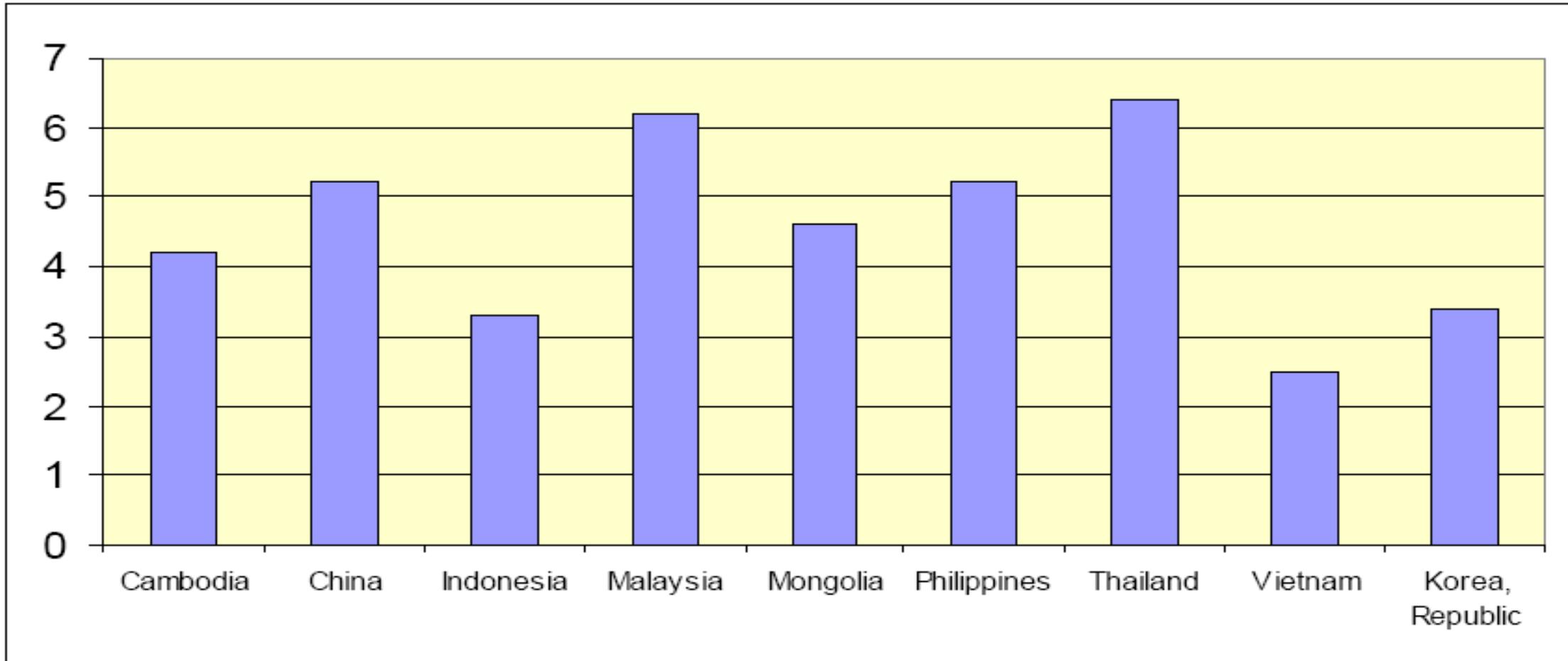
(Source: World Bank, 2010)

## Difficulty Finding Right Skills - Sector



# Time to Fill Professional Vacancies in East Asia (weeks)

(Source: World Bank, 2010)



# Internet User Population in CPSC Member States

S. N	Country	Population	% of Internet Users	S. N	Country	Population	% of Internet Users
1	Afghanistan	37,209,007	17.6	9	Myanmar	54,336,138	33.1
2	Bangladesh	168,065,920	54.8	10	Nepal	29,942,018	54.1
3	Bhutan	826,229	54.8	11	Pakistan	204,596,442	21.8
4	Fiji	912,241	54.9	12	Papua NG	6,791,317	13.4
5	India	1,368,537,713	40.9	13	Philippines	108,106,310	68.0
<b>6</b>	<b>Malaysia</b>	<b>32,454,455</b>	<b>80.1</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>Singapore</b>	<b>5,868,104</b>	<b>84.5</b>
7	Maldives	451,738	75.3	15	Sri Lanka	21,018,859	34.1
8	Mongolia	3,166,244	63.2	<b>16</b>	<b>Thailand</b>	<b>69,306,160</b>	<b>82.2</b>

# Internet User Population in ASEAN Member States

Rank	Country	Population	% of Internet Users	Rank	Country	Population	% of Internet Users
1	Brunei Darussalam	439,336	94.9	6	Vietnam	97,431,059	65.7
2	Singapore	5,868,104	84.5	7	Indonesia	269,536,422	53.2
3	Thailand	69,306,160	82.2	7	Cambodia	16,482,646	48.6
4	Malaysia	32,454,455	80.1	9	Laos	7,064,242	35.4
5	Philippines	108,106,310	68.0	10	Myanmar	54,336,138	33.1

# Conclusions!

## Demand Side

- Strong presence of IR 4.0 in Manufacturing and Health Sector
- Other sectors also lean towards digital technology and modernization of technology
- Pattern of jobs are gradually shifting from agriculture to service, real state and business sectors
- Demand of Higher Level education except physical and labour intensive work
- Basic, Core and Soft Skills



## Supply Side

- TVET for IR 1.0 to 3.0
- Still with Absolute Technology and traditional course
- Teachers without industries experience
- Entry Qualification has not revised for long
- Lack of Entrepreneurial and Soft Skills
- Week system for Competency standard
- Diploma programs towards academic orientation
- TVET is not focusing to produce skilled workers
- High number of Unemployed Graduates

# Way Forward !

- Need to Diversification of Program based on Market Demand
- TVET curricula, Labs/Workshops and Teacher to address IR requirement (IR 3.0 and 4.0).
- TVET graduates should have 3 Hs
  - Heads on Skills (Cognitive)
  - Hands on Skills (Psychomotor)
  - Hearts on Skills (Affective)
- Occupational Skills Upgrading Training for Teacher in Industries
- Quality and Competency Focused TVET not Number of Institutes and Graduates



# Thank You !

If we teach today as we taught  
yesterday, we rob our children of  
tomorrow. - John Dewey

[TheCompelledEducator.com](http://TheCompelledEducator.com)